Printed Page:- 04		Subject Code:- AMICSE0506			
· ·		Roll. No:			
NOIDA INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AN		AND TECHNOLOG	GY, GREA	TER NOIDA	
	(An Autonomous Institute Af		Lucknow)		
		Tech(Integrated)	2025)		
	SEM: V - THEORY EXAM	·	*		
Time: 3 Hours	Subject: Database N	danagement System		Max. Marks:	100
General Instruction	s:			wax. wars.	100
	u have received the question p	paper with the corre	ect course, c	code, branch e	tc.
1. This Question pa	per comprises of three Section	ns -A, B, & C. It con	isists of Mu	ltiple Choice	
	& Subjective type questions.				
· ·	for each question are indicate	· ·	de of each q	question.	
•	iswers with neat sketches whe	rever necessary.			
4. Assume suitable of Preferably write	adia ij necessary. the answers in sequential ord	lor			
•	be left blank. Any written mate		heet will no	t be	
evaluated/checked.	, e vega e vennu i zavej vya venem mem	in the agree of a comment			
SECTION-A				<	20
1. Attempt all parts					1
	elationship is represented in E	-R diagram as (CO)	I,K1)		1
(a) Doubl	e diamonds				
(b) Undiv	rided rectangles				
(c) Dashe	ed lines				
(d) Diamo	ond				
1-b. Generaliz	cation is aappro	oach. (CO1,K1)			1
(a) bottom	n-up				
(b) top-do	own				
(c) Specia	alized				
(d) None	of the above				
1-c. SQL fund	ction that is used to count the i	number of rows in a	SQL query	? (CO2,K1)	1
(a) COUN	NT()				
, ,	IBER()				
(c) SUM(					
(d) COU	•				
		eves rows from mor	e than one t	able or	1
1-d. Out of the following which query retrieves rows from more than one table or view: (CO2,K2)		1			
(a) Start	, ,				
(b) End					

	(c)	Join	
	(d)	All of the mentioned	
1-e.	A	relation that has no partial dependencies is in which normal form. (CO3,K1)	1
	(a)	First	
	(b)	Second	
	(c)	Third	
	(d)	BCNF	
1-f.	51	NF is designed to cope with: (CO3)	1
	(a)	Transitive dependency	
	(b)	Join dependency	
	(c)	Multi valued dependency	
	(d)	None of these	
1-g.	A	Transaction is said to be a unit of programs	1
	(a)	Evaluation	
	(b)	Execution	
	(c)	Computation	
	(d)	Controlling	
1-h.	O	ut of the given graph which describes deadlock precisely? (CO4)	1
	(a)	Wound wait graph	
	(b)	Wait die graph	
	(c)	Wait for graph	
	(d)	None of the mentioned	
1-i.		oSQL databases are used mainly for handling large data volumes of this ategory.	1
	(a)	unstructured	
	(b)	structured	
	(c)	semi-structured	
	(d)	all of the mentioned	
1-j.	A	record in MongoDB is a (CO5)	1
	(a)	Table	
	(b)	Document	
	(c)	Record	
	(d)	None of the above	
2. Att	empt a	all parts:-	
2.a.	D	efine Instances and schemas of database? (CO1,K1)	2
2.b.	D	efine Mapping Cardinality with example. (CO2,K1)	2
2.c.		etermines the all-possible Candidate keys from given set of FD. $R = (A, B, C, D, E)$ and the set of functional dependencies $F = \{A \rightarrow C, C \rightarrow D, D \rightarrow B, E \rightarrow E\}$	2

	F}. (CO3,K6)	
2.d.	Discuss the different states of the transaction.(CO4,K2)	2
2.e.	Discuss the data types in MongoDB. (CO5,K2)	2
<b>SECTIO</b>	<u> </u>	30
3. Answe	er any <u>five</u> of the following:-	
3-a.	Give two examples with syntax for each type of command: DDL, DML, DCL, TCL. (CO1, K2)	6
3-b.	Explain Three-Tier Architecture of DBMS with diagram. (CO1,K4)	6
3-c.	Explain Group by, Having clause of SQL with example (CO2,K4)	6
3-d.	Explain ALTER command. Demonstrate with example. (CO2,K4)	6
3.e.	To compute the closure for relation schema $R = \{A,B,C,G,H,I\}$ and $F = \{A \rightarrow B,A \rightarrow C,CG \rightarrow H,CG \rightarrow I,B \rightarrow H,C \rightarrow G\}$ . Find the closure of A under F. Or $\{A+=\}$ . (CO3,K3)	6
3.f.	Elaborate the term serializability. Discuss the conflict and view serializability with example. (CO4,K2)	6
3.g.	Discuss the different types of NoSQL databases. (CO5,K2)	6
<b>SECTIO</b>	<u>DN-C</u>	50
4. Answe	er any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
4-a.	Construct E-R diagram for a hospital with a set of patients and medical doctors. Associate with each patient a log of various tests and examinations conducted. (CO1,K5)	10
4-b.	Construct an ER diagram for a university library information system which stores information about books, journals, publishers, students, staff, borrowing of books, and reservation of books. Note that the library may have more than one copy for some of the books. (CO1,K5)	10
5. Answe	er any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
5-a.	Explain the following SQL Operators with examples: (1) Order by (2) BETWEEN (3) Exists (4) AND and OR (CO2,K4)	10
5-b.	Consider the following relations: Hotel {hotelNo, name, address}, Room {roomNo, hotelNo, type, price}, Booking {hotelNo, guestNo, dateFrom, dateTo, roomNo}, Guest {guestNo, name, address}. Write the SQL statements for the following: (i) List the names and addresses of all guests in Chandigarh, alphabetically ordered by name. (ii) List all family rooms with a price below Rs.400 per night, in ascending order of price. (CO2,K5)	10

er any one of the following:-	
Consider a relation R(X Y Z W P) is decomposed into R1( X Y Z ) and R2( Z W P). determine whether the decompositions are Lossless or Lossy? (CO3,K6)	10
$R(A,B,C,D,E,F)$ is a relation such that $AB \rightarrow C$ , $C \rightarrow DE$ , $E \rightarrow F$ , $F \rightarrow A$ . Check the highest normal form that exists in this relation. (CO3,K4)	10
ver any one of the following:-	
Consider the transactions T1, T2, and T3 and the schedules S1 and S2 given below. $T1: r1(X); r1(Z); w1(X); w1(Z)$ $T2: r2(Y); r2(Z); w2(Z)$ $T3: r3(Y); r3(X); w3(Y)$ $S1: r1(X); r3(Y); r3(X); r2(Y); r2(Z); w3(Y); w2(Z); r1(Z); w1(X); w1(Z)$ $S2: r1(X); r3(Y); r2(Y); r3(X); r1(Z); r2(Z); w3(Y); w1(X); w2(Z); w1(Z)$ Analyze which one of the schedules is conflict-serializable? (CO4,K4)	10
Discuss the deferred update technique of recovery. Explain the advantages and disadvantages of this technique. Provide a reason for its name, the NO-UNDO/REDO method. (CO4,K4)	10
ver any one of the following:-	
Explain CAP theorem and the applications of CAP theorem. (CO5,K4)	10
Describe CRUD operations with suitable examples. (CO5,K2)	10
,	Consider a relation R(X Y Z W P) is decomposed into R1( X Y Z) and R2( Z W P). determine whether the decompositions are Lossless or Lossy? (CO3,K6) R(A,B,C,D,E,F) is a relation such that AB $\rightarrow$ C, C $\rightarrow$ DE, E $\rightarrow$ F, F $\rightarrow$ A. Check the highest normal form that exists in this relation. (CO3,K4) er any one of the following:-  Consider the transactions T1, T2, and T3 and the schedules S1 and S2 given below.  T1: r1(X);r1(Z);w1(X);w1(Z) T2: r2(Y);r2(Z);w2(Z) T3: r3(Y);r3(X);w3(Y) S1: r1(X);r3(Y);r3(X);r2(Y);r2(Z); w3(Y);w2(Z);r1(Z);w1(X);w1(Z) S2: r1(X); r3(Y); r2(Y); r3(X); r1(Z); r2(Z); w3(Y); w1(X); w2(Z); w1(Z) Analyze which one of the schedules is conflict-serializable? (CO4,K4) Discuss the deferred update technique of recovery. Explain the advantages and disadvantages of this technique. Provide a reason for its name, the NO-UNDO/REDO method. (CO4,K4) er any one of the following:- Explain CAP theorem and the applications of CAP theorem. (CO5,K4) Describe CRUD operations with suitable examples. (CO5,K2)