Printed I	Page:- 05 Su	bject Code:- AMIAS0402
	Ro	ll. No:
I	NOIDA INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING ANI	O TECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA
	(An Autonomous Institute Affil	ated to AKTU, Lucknow)
		(Integrated)
	SEM: IV - THEORY EXAMIN	
-:	Subject: Engineering N	
	3 Hours l Instructions:	Max. Marks: 100
	rify that you have received the question paper	with the correct course code branch etc
		is -A, B, & C. It consists of Multiple Choice
	as (MCQ's) & Subjective type questions.	is A, B, & C. It consists of manaple choice
	num marks for each question are indicated or	n right -hand side of each que st ion.
	ate your answers with neat sketches wherever	
	ne suitable data if necessary.	
5. Prefera	ably, write the answers in sequential order.	
6. No sh	heet should be left blank. Any written i	material after a blank sheet will not be
evaluatea	d/checked.	
	SECTION A	20
1. Attem	npt all parts:-	
1-a.	Curve which are more sharply peaked that	an normal curve is called: (CO1)
	(a) Leptokurtic curve	
	(b) Mesokurtic curve	
	(c) Platykurtic curve	
	(d) None of these	
1-b.	Karl Pearson's coefficient of skewness of	a distribution is 0.32, its S.D. is 6.5 and 1
	mean is 29.6. then mode of the distribution	on is: (CO1)
	(a) 27	
	(b) 27.52	
	(c) 28.20	
	(d) 27.3	
1-c.	Z-test is used when: (CO2)	1
	(a) When Sample size is small	
	(b) When Sample size is Large	
	(-,	

	(c) When Sample size is small or large	
	(d) When Sample size takes any value	
1-d.	The distribution used to compare two variances is? (CO2)	1
	(a) T – Test	
	(b) Normal Distribution	
	(c) Poisson Distribution	
	(d) F – Test	
1-e.	If $\Sigma P(x) = k^2 - 8$ then, the value of k is? (CO3)	1
	(a) 0	
	(b) 1	
	(c) 3	
	(d) Insufficient data	
1-f.	The joint pdf of X and Y is given by:	1
	$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} ke^{-(x+y)}, & x \ge 0, y \ge 0 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$, then find the value of k. (CO3)	
	(a) 2	
	(b) 1	
	(c) 0	
	(d) 1/2	
1-g.	Consider a random variable with exponential distribution with λ =1, then the	1
	probability P (X>3) is: (CO4)	
	(a) e ⁻³	
	(b) e ⁻¹	
	(c) e^{-2}	
	(d) e ³	
1-h.	The shape of the Normal Curve is (CO4)	1
	(a) Bell Shaped	
	(b) Circular Shaped	
	(c) Spiked Shaped	
	(d) Spiral Shaped	
1-i.	Probability of getting a numbered card when a card is drawn from the pack of 52 cards: (CO5)	1
	(a) 5/13	

	(b) 9/13	3							
	(c) 4/13	3							
	(d) Nor	ne of these	е						
1-j.	If the scaling defined in: (C		n Φ(t) is d	efined in	the ran	ge [0,2] then ^Q	Þ(2t) will be	1
	(a) [0,1]]							
	(b) [0,0	.5]							
	(c) [0,4]]							
	(d) Nor	ne of these	е						
2. Atte	empt all parts:-								
2.a.	Write down t	he formul	a for first fo	our Momer	nts abou	t mean	. (CO1)		2
2.b.	Write the short note on Confidence limits. (CO2)								
2.c.	Define conditional probability distribution. (CO3)								2
2.d.	Find the mean of exponential distribution. (CO4)								2
2.e.	Write the necessary properties of a function to become wavelet? (CO5)								2
				TION B	1				30
3. Ans	wer any <u>five</u> of t	the follov	vina:-		4				
3-a.	_		_	ribution a	re 3. 10	.5.40.5.	168.Com	ment upon	6
	The first four moments of a distribution are 3, 10.5,40.5,168.Comment upon the nature of the distribution. (CO1)								
3-b.	Calculate the rank correlation coefficient between x and y from the following data—								6
	(CO1)								
	x 15	20	27	13	45	60	20	75	
	<i>y</i> 50	30	55	30	25	10	30	70	
3-c.	A die is thro	wn 276 tii	mes and th	e results (of these	throws	are giv	en below:	6
	(CO2)			I					
	No.	4	2		4		F		
	appeared on die	1	2	3	4		5	6	
	Frequency	40	32	29	59		 57	59	
	Test whether	the die is							
	5% LOS for 5							,	
3-d.	Two indepen	dent samı	ole of Sizes	7 and 6 ha	d the fo	llowing	values:		6
	Sample A:	Sample A: 28 30 32 33 31 29 34							
	Sample B:	29 30 30	24 27 28	-					

Examine whether the samples have been drawn from normal populations having the same variance. Given the tabulated value for d.f. (5, 6) at 5% LOS is 4.39. (CO2)

3.e. The joint probability distribution of two random variables X and Y is given by:

$$P(X = 0, Y = 1) = 1/3, P(X = 1, Y = -1) = 1/3, P(X = 1, Y = 1) = 1/3.$$

Find i) marginal distribution of X and Y

ii) the conditional probability distribution of X given Y=1. (CO3)

- 3.f. Find the mean and variance of the theoretical binomial distribution. (CO4)
- 3.g. Calculate the number of words that can be formed using all the letters of the world ALLAHABAD: (CO5)
 - (i) When the vowel occupy the even position.
 - (ii) Both L do not occur together.

SECTION C 50

6

6

6

10

4. Answer any one of the following:-

4-a. An incomplete distribution of families according to their expenditure per week 10 is given below. The median and mode for the distribution is ₹ 25 and ₹ 24 respectively. Calculate the missing frequencies. (CO1)

Expenditure	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50
No. of	1.4	2	27	2	15
families	14	, //	2,1	f	15

4-b. Determine the normal equation if the curve $y = \frac{C_0}{x} + C_1 \sqrt{x}$ is fitted to the data (x_i, y_i) , i = 1, 2...n

by method of least square. Hence fit this curve to the data - (CO1)

х	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.5	1	2
У	21	11	7	6	5	6

5. Answer any <u>one</u> of the following:-

5-a. The following figures relate to the production in kg of three varieties I, II, III of 10 wheat shown in 12 plots:

Variety I	14	16	18		
Variety II	14	13	15	22	
Variety III	18	16	19	19	20

Determine if there is a significant difference in production of three varieties? Given tabulated values for degree of freedom (2, 9) at 5% LOS is 4.26. (CO2)

5-b. In a manufacturing process, the number of defectives found in the inspection 10 of 20 lots of 100 samples is given below:

20 Defective: 5 4 3 6 9 15 11 6 7 6 Determine the control limits of P-chart and state whether the process is in control. (CO2) 6. Answer any one of the following:-If the joint distribution function of X and Y is given by: 10 $F_{XY}(x,y) = \begin{cases} 2, & 0 < x < 1, 0 < y < x \end{cases}$ elsewhere a) Find the marginal densities of X and Y, b)Are X and Y independent? (CO3) A random variable X has the following probability function: (CO3) 10 2 3 6 0 k^2 $2k^2$ 2k 3k 7k²+k 0 k 2k p(x)Then (i) find k (ii) Evaluate $P(X<6), P(X\ge6), P(3<X\le6)$

9 10 11

12 13

14

15 16 17 18 19

7. Answer any <u>one</u> of the following:-

6-a.

6-b.

7-a. State the Poisson Probability distribution. Prove that Poisson distribution is 10 limiting case of Binomial distribution. (CO4)

(iii) Find the minimum value of x so that $P(X \le x) > 1/2$

- In 800 families with 5 children each, how many families would be expected to 7-b. 10 have- (CO4)
 - I. 3 boys and 2 girls
 - II. 2 boys and 3 girls
 - III. No girl
 - IV. At most 2 girls. (Assume probabilities for boys and girls to be equal)

8. Answer any one of the following:-

Let A = R - (3) and B = R - (2). Consider the function f: A \rightarrow B defined by $f(x) = \frac{x-2}{x-3}$. 10 8-a. Determine if the function f is one — one and onto. (CO5)

8-b. If the number 3422213pg is divisible by 99, find the missing digits p and q. 10 (CO5)