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NOIDA INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA

(An Autonomous Institute Affiliated to AKTU, Lucknow)

M.Tech (Integrated)

SEM: IV - THEORY EXAMINATION (2023 - 2024)

Subject: Microprocessor

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 100

General Instructions:

IMP: Verify that you have received the question paper with the correct course, code, branch etc.

1. This Question paper comprises of **three Sections -A, B, & C**. It consists of Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ's) & Subjective type questions.
2. Maximum marks for each question are indicated on right -hand side of each question.
3. Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
4. Assume suitable data if necessary.
5. Preferably, write the answers in sequential order.
6. No sheet should be left blank. Any written material after a blank sheet will not be evaluated/checked.

SECTION A

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1. Attempt all parts:-

- | | | |
|------|---|---|
| 1-a. | Which of the following is true about microprocessors? (CO1) | 1 |
| | (a) It has an internal memory | |
| | (b) It has interfacing circuits | |
| | (c) It contains ALU, CU, and registers | |
| | (d) It uses Harvard architecture | |
| 1-b. | What is stored in the H & L general-purpose register? (CO1) | 1 |
| | (a) Opcode | |
| | (b) Address of memory | |
| | (c) Address of next instruction | |
| | (d) Temporary data | |
| 1-c. | In 8085, HLT opcode means: (CO2) | 1 |
| | (a) Remain idle for 10 seconds | |
| | (b) Remain idle for 0.1 seconds | |
| | (c) End of Program | |

- (d) none of above
- 1-d. In 8085 microprocessor, how many interrupts are maskable. (CO2) 1
- (a) 2
 - (b) 3
 - (c) 4
 - (d) 5
- 1-e. The Stack follows the sequence. (CO3) 1
- (a) first-in-first-out
 - (b) first-in-last-out
 - (c) last-in-first-out
 - (d) last-in-last-out
- 1-f. How many T-states does MVI M, 38H instruction takes? (CO3) 1
- (a) 4
 - (b) 7
 - (c) 10
 - (d) 6
- 1-g. The 8085 microprocessor has two instructions for data transfer between the processor and the I/O devices. (CO4) 1
- (a) Rx & Tx
 - (b) DIN & DOUT
 - (c) IN & OUT
 - (d) MVI & STA
- 1-h. Calculate the address lines required for an 8K Byte memory chip. (CO4) 1
- (a) 13
 - (b) 12
 - (c) 11
 - (d) 10
- 1-i. All the functions of the ports of 8255 are achieved by programming the bits of an internal register called(CO5) 1
- (a) data bus control
 - (b) read logic control
 - (c) control word register
 - (d) none of the mentioned

- 1-j. The supporting modes of operation of 8086 Microprocessor is/are. (CO5) 1
- (a) 2
 - (b) 3
 - (c) 4
 - (d) 1

2. Attempt all parts:-

- 2.a. Explain the basic units of a microprocessor? (CO1) 2
- 2.b. Find the content of A-Register at the end of this program? (CO2) 2
- ```
XRA A
MVI B, F0H
SUB B
```
- 2.c. Explain the function of HOLD and HLDA signal. (CO3) 2
- 2.d. If the memory chip size is 1024\*8 bits, how many chips are required to make up 64KByte memory? (CO4) 2
- 2.e. List the difference between 8085 & 8086 Microprocessors. (CO5) 2

**SECTION B**

**30**

**3. Answer any five of the following:-**

- 3-a. Draw & explain about the different types of Flags in 8085? (CO1) 6
- 3-b. With neat PIN diagram explain the various signals of 8085 microprocessor. (CO1) 6
- 3-c. Find the content of A at the end of this program? Also calculate total Number of T-States. (CO2) 6
- ```
MVI A, 06H
RLC
MOV B, A
RLC
RLC
ADD B
```
- 3-d. Elaborate all Arithmetic Instructions in 8085, Also tabulate the flag status of all instructions.. (CO2) 6
- 3.e. Calculate the maximum delay by adjusting the value of count, if microprocessor is working at 2MHz. (CO3) 6
- ```
MVI C, count
LOOP: DCR C
JNZ LOOP
```

- 3.f. Explain the block diagram of Direct Memory Access (DMA) Controller. (CO4) 6
- 3.g. Draw and explain register organization of 8086. (CO5) 6

### SECTION C

50

#### 4. Answer any one of the following:-

- 4-a. Draw the block diagram of 8085 microprocessor architecture and explain each block in detail. (CO1) 10
- 4-b. Draw and explain timing diagram of each machine cycle executed in STC & INRM. (CO1) 10

#### 5. Answer any one of the following:-

- 5-a. List difference types of interrupts. Give classification of interrupts. Explain the Hardware and software interrupts. Also Classify Vectored, Non-Vectored; Maskable, Non-maskable. (CO2) 10
- 5-b. Explain the following instruction in detail. (CO2) 10  
DAD, DAA, SBI, SPHL, XTHL, LHLD, PUSH-POP, CALL-RET, STC, CMA.

#### 6. Answer any one of the following:-

- 6-a. Calculate the total machine cycle taken by the given ALP code and find total T-states for the following instructions. Further evaluate total time taken by the the given code if microprocessor working at 2MHz. (CO3) 10
- ```

MOV D, A
XRA A
MVI E, 0AH
SUM: ADD D
      DCR E
      JNZ SUM

```
- 6-b. Write a program to count continuously in hexadecimal from FFH to 00H in a system with a clock period 0.5 microseconds. Use register C to set up a delay of 0.5ms between each count and display output at one of the output ports .(CO3) 10

7. Answer any one of the following:-

- 7-a. With Proper diagram explain Memory-Mapped I/O and Peripheral I/O and compare between them. (CO4) 10
- 7-b. Draw and explain block diagram of 8259 Programmable Interrupt Controller. (CO4) 10

8. Answer any one of the following:-

- 8-a. Draw and explain the Block diagram of 8255(PPI). (CO5) 10
- 8-b. Draw and explain the internal architecture of 8086 microprocessor. (CO5) 10