Printed Page:- 04	Subject Code:- ACSE0307			
	Roll. No:			
	NOIDA INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY, GREATER NOIDA			
(An Autonomous Institute Affiliated to AKTU, Lucknow)				
B.Tech				
SEM: III - CARRY OVER THEORY EXAMINATION - AUGUST 2023 Subject: Soft Computing				
Time: 3 Hours	Max. Marks: 100			
General Instructions:	Wax. Warks. 100			
<b>IMP:</b> Verify that you have received the question p	aper with the correct course, code, branch etc.			
	ctions -A, B, & C. It consists of Multiple Choice			
Questions (MCQ's) & Subjective type questions.				
2. Maximum marks for each question are indicat	ed on right -hand side of each question.			
3. Illustrate your answers with neat sketches whe	rever necessary.			
<b>4.</b> Assume suitable data if necessary.				
<b>5.</b> Preferably, write the answers in sequential ord				
	ten material after a blank sheet will not be			
evaluated/checked.				
SECTIO	ON A 20			
1. Attempt all parts:-				
1-a. Who initiated the idea of Soft Compu	ting? (CO1) 1			
(a) Charles Darwin				
(b) Lotfi A Zadeh				
(c) Rechenberg				
(d) Mc_Culloch				
1-b. Core of soft Computing is (C	01) 1			
(a) Fuzzy Computing, Neural C	omputing, Genetic Algorithms			
(b) Fuzzy Networks and Artifici	al Intelligence			
(c) Artificial Intelligence and No	eural Science			
(d) Neural Science and Genetic	Science			
1-c. In which ANN, loops are allowed? (0	CO2) 1			
(a) Feed Forward ANN				
(b) Feedback ANN				
(c) Both Feed Forward and Fee	dback ANN			

	(d) None of these	
1-d.	Which is true for neural networks? (CO2)	1
	(a) It has set of nodes and connections	
	(b) Each node computes it's weighted input	
	(c) Node could be in excited state or non-excited state	
	(d) All of the mentioned	
1-e.	The cardinality of the given set A= {2,4,6,8} is: (CO3)	1
	(a) 2	
	(b) 5	
	(c) 4	
	(d) 1	
1-f.	Consider two fuzzy sets A and B with their membership functions $\mu_{A}$ and $\mu_{B}$ .	1
	Then De Morgan's law can be defined as (CO3)	
	(a) $(A \cup B)^c = A^c \cup B^c$	
	(b) $(A \cup B)^c = A^c \cap B^c$	
	(c) $(A \cup B)^c = A^c \cup B^c$	
	(d) $(A \cup B)^c = A^c \cap B^c$	
1-g.	Defuzzification is done to obtain (CO4)	1
	(a) Crisp output	
	(b) The best rule to follow	
	(c) Precise fuzzy value	
	(d) None of the above	
1-h.	Fuzzy rules is usually represented as : (CO4)	1
	(a) IF-THEN-ELSE rules	
	(b) IF-THEN rules	
	(c) Both IF-THEN-ELSE rules & IF-THEN rules	
	(d) None of the Above	
1-i.	Which one method is used for Selection of Population? (CO5)	1
	(a) Tournament	
	(b) Flipping	
	(c) Uniform	
	(d) All	
1-j.	"Cross over probability is 1" states that: (CO5)	1

	(c) Both of these	
	(d) None of these	
2. Atte	empt all parts:-	
2.a.	Define term "Soft computing". (CO1)	2
2.b.	Define term the Perceptron. (CO2)	2
2.c.	Differentiate between Fuzzy sets and Crisp sets. (CO3)	2
2.d.	Discuss the Concept of Fuzzification in brief. (CO4)	2
2.e.	Discuss the need of Mutation in Genetic Algorithm. (CO5)	2
	SECTION B	30
3. Ans	wer any <u>five</u> of the following:-	
3-a.	How human brain is related to ANN? (CO1)	6
3-b.	Describe the linear and nonlinear activation functions used in Artificial Neural Networks. (CO1)	6
3-c.	Explain (1) binary sigmoidal activation function, (2) bipolar sigmoidal activation function (CO2)	6
3-d.	Calculate the net input for x1=0.2, x2=0.6, and bias b=1 with weight 0.3.Assume $w1=w2=1$ . (CO2)	6
3.e.	Consider fuzzy sets $\tilde{A}$ and $B$ defined on the interval $X = [0,5]$ of real number by the membership grade functions : (CO3) $\mu_A(X) = X/X+1$ , $\mu_B(X) = 2-X$ Determine the mathematical formulas and graphs of the membership grade functions for following set: i) $A^c$ , $B^c$ ii) $A \cup B$ iii) $A \cap B$	•
3.f.	Define fuzzy logic and its importance in our daily life. What is role of crisp sets in fuzzy logic? (CO4)	6
3.g.	Compare Roulette-Wheel Selection method with Rank Selection Method. (CO5)	6
	SECTION C	50
4. Ans	wer any <u>one</u> of the following:-	
4-a.	Draw the Structure of a Biological Neuron and explain in detail. (CO1)	10
4-b.	Discuss the role of MATLAB Environment for Soft Computing Techniques.	10

(a) all offspring are made by cross over

(b) Offspring is made from exact copies of chromosomes

## 5. Answer any one of the following:-

- 5-a. Calculate the Output of Neural Network for the inputs x1=0.3, x2=0.4 and bias 10 b=1 with weight of 0.3 for bipolar activation function. Assume w1=w2=1 . (CO2)
- 5-b. Explain Artificial Neural Network . Discuss Single layer and Multilayer ANN 10 systems with the help of diagram. (CO2)

## 6. Answer any one of the following:-

- 6-a. What is fuzzy set theory? Explain different fuzzy sets and its operations. 10 (CO3)
- 6-b. Describe Fuzzy relation and explain its various operations. (CO3)

## 7. Answer any one of the following:-

- 7-a. Explain fuzzy connectives like Negation, Disjunction, Conjunction, and 10 Implication. (CO4)
- 7-b. Explain membership function in fuzzy logic. Explain the fuzzy inference in detail 10 with suitable Example. (CO4)

## 8. Answer any one of the following:-

- 8-a. State the procedure of Genetic Algorithm and Draw the flow chart of Genetic 10 Algorithm. Explain the Biological Background of GA. (CO5)
- 8-b. Define the terms chromosome, fitness function, crossover and mutation as 10 used in genetic algorithms. (CO5)